

ABOUT ST. CLOUD, FL

St. Cloud, a family-oriented city near Orlando, was founded April 16, 1909, as a retirement community for Civil War Union veterans who paid \$50 for five-acre lots. The birth of modern day St. Cloud is possible through the aspirations of several men, including Hamilton Disston, who began visiting Florida from Philadelphia on fishing trips in the 1870s. After positive results from sugarcane at Southport, Disston became interested in its production. He erected the first sugar factory at the St. Cloud Plantation at East Lake Tohopekaliga. A small community developed at Disston's sugar works and when the plantation was abandoned, a few families stayed on, moving to the location. The Sugar Belt Railway was merged with South Florida Railway and the St. Cloud Plantation was acquired by the Seminole Land and Investment Company (SLIC).

Prof. Bridges, principal of the Kissimmee High School, suggested "St. Cloud" as the name of the city. Other names were suggested, but "St. Cloud" was unanimously accepted.

According to the late St. Cloud Official Historian Bob Fisk, in the early days of laying out St. Cloud, Florida, streets were named after states:

Col. John McElroy was a main player in the SLIC, which had advertised and brought Civil War Union veterans to the new community. Col. McElroy first named the downtown streets, running north and south across numbered streets, for states who participated in the War on the Union side (New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, etc.). Later, as St. Cloud spread more to the east and west, former states in the Confederacy were added (Virginia, Alabama, Mississippi, etc.).

City of St. Cloud was incorporated January 3, 1911, and St. Cloud's boundaries have expanded dramatically since then. The size of the city is now controlled by voluntary annexation based on the supply of sewer and water services to the expanding urban area. Growth has been demand-based, and City services have been extended to meet the needs of new residents as well as providing economies of scale for the operation of City utilities and services.

The city now boasts 2.5 miles of beautiful lakefront and an extensive parks program. Historic Downtown St. Cloud attracts visitors and residents alike with its charm and beauty. Located on the south shore of East Lake Tohopekaliga, the city's original grid pattern is still a primary housing area for the city. This area is bounded on the north by the lake, on the south by 17th Street, Mississippi Avenue on the east and Columbia Avenue on the west.

The city of St. Cloud is one of two cities within Osceola County. The population of Osceola County was estimated at 148,712 in 1998 and at 268,685 in 2010. Population growth in St. Cloud has been proportional to the growth in the county. The city's population grew 36 percent between 1990 and 1998 and is now more than 45,000. Since the year 2000, the city's land area has grown from 9.74 square miles to about 19 square miles.

The city of St. Cloud is governed by a council/manager system, which is dedicated to honest and open government, professional and cost-effective management, and responsive and courteous service.



Facts compiled by the City of St. Cloud Public Information Office as a public service.

Information compiled from the following sources: St. Cloud Chamber of Commerce, St. Cloud Heritage Museum, St. Cloud Main Street, Inc.; the late St. Cloud Official Historian Bob Fisk, Osceola County Historical Society and The Genealogy Club of Osceola County